



Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE
NAME

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CENTRE
NUMBER

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MATHEMATICS

9709/53

Paper 5 Probability & Statistics 1

May/June 2020

1 hour 15 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: List of formulae (MF19)

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- If additional space is needed, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet; the question number or numbers must be clearly shown.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You must show all necessary working clearly; no marks will be given for unsupported answers from a calculator.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 50.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has **12** pages. Blank pages are indicated.

1 Juan goes to college each day by any one of car or bus or walking. The probability that he goes by car is 0.2, the probability that he goes by bus is 0.45 and the probability that he walks is 0.35. When Juan goes by car, the probability that he arrives early is 0.6. When he goes by bus, the probability that he arrives early is 0.1. When he walks he always arrives early.

(a) Draw a fully labelled tree diagram to represent this information. [2]

(b) Find the probability that Juan goes to college by car given that he arrives early. [4]

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4 A fair four-sided spinner has edges numbered 1, 2, 2, 3. A fair three-sided spinner has edges numbered -2, -1, 1. Each spinner is spun and the number on the edge on which it comes to rest is noted. The random variable X is the sum of the two numbers that have been noted.

(a) Draw up the probability distribution table for X . [3]

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(b) Find $\text{Var}(X)$. [3]

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5 A pair of fair coins is thrown repeatedly until a pair of tails is obtained. The random variable X denotes the number of throws required to obtain a pair of tails.

(a) Find the expected value of X . [1]

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(b) Find the probability that exactly 3 throws are required to obtain a pair of tails. [1]

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(c) Find the probability that fewer than 6 throws are required to obtain a pair of tails. [2]

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- 6 The annual salaries, in thousands of dollars, for 11 employees at each of two companies *A* and *B* are shown below.

Company <i>A</i>	30	32	35	41	41	42	47	49	52	53	64
Company <i>B</i>	26	47	30	52	41	38	35	42	49	31	42

- (a) Represent the data by drawing a back-to-back stem-and-leaf diagram with company *A* on the left-hand side of the diagram. [4]

(b) Find the median and the interquartile range of the salaries of the employees in company A. [3]

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A new employee joins company B. The mean salary of the 12 employees is now \$38 500.

(c) Find the salary of the new employee. [3]

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- 7 (a) Find the number of different possible arrangements of the 9 letters in the word CELESTIAL. [1]

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- (b) Find the number of different arrangements of the 9 letters in the word CELESTIAL in which the first letter is C, the fifth letter is T and the last letter is E. [2]

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- (c) Find the probability that a randomly chosen arrangement of the 9 letters in the word CELESTIAL does not have the two Es together. [4]

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5 letters are selected at random from the 9 letters in the word CELESTIAL.

- (d) Find the number of different selections if the 5 letters include at least one E and at most one L. [3]

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